

2 Things That Combat Colds Like Magic!

Ask Any Doctor . . . Then Follow Simple Directions Pictured Below. Quickest, Simplest Way

1. Take two "Aspirin" Tablets. Make sure you get Aspirin.

2. Drink a full glass of water.

Instead of using fancy priced "cold remedies" try the new-day cold treatment pictured here. Your own doctor will approve it. It will start easing the average cold almost as fast as you caught it.

The "Aspirin" you take will start combating your cold internally at once; if throat is sore, crush and stir 5 "Aspirin" Tablets in a third

of a glass of water; gargle twice. Do not rinse mouth.

"Aspirin" Tablets are made in Canada by the Bayer Company, Limited. Look for the name Bayer in the form of a cross on every tablet.

DEMAND AND GET "ASPIRIN"

A Tense Situation

As the Italo-Ethiopian war progresses, and with economic sanctions imposed by the great majority of the members of the League of Nations gradually tightening, the situation in Europe becomes increasingly grave. The danger of what, a few months ago, appeared to be little more than a colonizing venture of Mussolini in North Africa at the expense of one of the black races, developing into a world conflagration of even greater magnitude than the Great War of 1914-18 with far greater losses and more fearful consequences to civilization seems more imminent with the lapse of time.

While incidents reported from Europe indicate almost daily fluctuations of this world peril there can be no gaining the fact that once again all Europe is an armed camp with all nations breathlessly watching the trend of events and the more powerful ones ready to assume the offensive or defensive as circumstances may require or politico-national exigencies may warrant.

One day despatches contain news which reveal a dreadful maelstrom into which the nations are being sucked willy-nilly, with or without their desire. Two or three days later the situation has changed so completely that the moment has been bridged. People breathe a little more easily and await the next hair-raising development, reasonably sure that it will soon appear.

And so it goes from day to day. A situation develops which brings tension and alarm. Genuine threats are uttered. Diplomats hastily exchange notes and conversations, threats are withdrawn or modified or "explained". The tension eases. The peril has been averted momentarily at least, but the black shadow remains and will continue to exist until it is either dispelled entirely or becomes a terrific substance.

It hardly seems conceivable that when Mussolini put his threatened invasion of Ethiopia into execution he could have been aware of what was to follow. He must surely have assumed that the League of Nations would be split amenable when its members were faced with the question of carrying out their obligations to prevent or punish violation of the territory of another member or that some of the stronger members would be willing to put a telephone to the other end of the line and tell him to run his head into the precipitating situation which might lead to a general conflagration.

If that was the viewpoint of the dictator of Italy he guessed wrong. If he thought he could bluff the dominating powers of the League, again he guessed wrong. It would have been the easy way out for the League to have begged the question and to have found excuses to permit Mussolini to have his way in North Africa, knowing that the imposition of sanctions might lead to a very dangerous situation. They did not, however, but took their solemn pledges seriously and decided to implement them. Action followed decision.

The peril lies not so much in the mere fact that the League has imposed economic sanctions and is making them effective but in the possibility of some of the members weakening in the face of threats, or of abandoning the position they have taken because of danger from other quarters or because it may become advantageous to do so.

And Mussolini himself is in a delicate position. He has now gone too far in his adventure to recede without impugning his position among his own countrymen. In fact, recession would spell disaster for him at home. On the other hand he cannot expect to carry his campaign to a successful conclusion with a great majority of the nations of the world. His defeat in Ethiopia would terminate his career as Italian dictator. On the horns of this dilemma, it can be assumed that Mussolini will leave no stone unturned to disrupt the accord which exists among the nations who have combined in imposing economic measures against him.

Mussolini unquestionably knows that there is unrest against British rule in India and Egypt and that the Moroccans and Tunisians would welcome an opportunity to throw off the French yoke. If by stirring up trouble in these countries he could divert some of the energies of these two great powers into other channels it would be of distinct advantage to the Italians.

For it is quite conceivable that the outbreak of strife in these countries would be the precursor of troubles and warfare in other countries and might develop into the long-prophesied conflict between the Christian countries of the world and the nations which bow their heads to Mohammed.

While it is difficult to forecast what combinations might result from a split in the ranks of the nations now engaged in preventing the culmination of Italy's act of aggression, because of the many diverse interests involved and the ramifications interposed among them, the situation is fraught with peril which may well cause apprehension even among many peoples who at the moment appear remote from danger.

A Genuine Stradivarius

A Real Pioneer

Valuable Instruments Are Treasured By An Ontario Woman

Two violins, both some 200 years old, and one believed to be a genuine Stradivarius, are the treasures of Mrs. Ernest Blom, Orangeville, Ont. One instrument was sent from England and bears the inscription, "Antonius Stradivarius Cremona Faciebat Anno 1726," and the other, purchased by Mrs. Blom's husband, was made by "Cronos 1727," Carlo Bergonzi Tice in Cremona.

Saskatchewan Henry

Saskatchewan backeers demonstrated that western honey is in a class by itself for its fine quality and delicious flavour for they won five prizes for light extracted honey in one pound jars at the Toronto Royal Winter Fair.

VICKS COUGH DROP

Medicated with ingredients of Vicks VapoRub

FULL 24c. ONLY 15c.

Educated Mohawk Indian Was Early Surveyor In West

Thomas Daniel Green, 77, full-blooded Mohawk Indian, surveyor, traveller, bachelor of science and friend of Sir John A. Macdonald, died recently at Rocky Mountain House, Alta. He was born in Brant county, Ontario, and graduated from McGill University with the degree of B.Sc. during the Macdonald regime and while the Marquis of Lorne was governor-general, he was employed in the department of interior. He was one of the earliest surveyors in the west. He had a splendid command of the English language.

Saved By Hand-Shake

An Alsatian pup saved its life by offering to "shake hands" with its would-be executioner. Sentenced to be hanged because it was thought to be vicious, the dog captured C. J. Wollett, stock inspector at Sydney, Australia, and he arranged to return it to the owner.

Pure honey is used as a centre in some golf balls 2128

May Grant Privilege

Australian Women Likely To Act As Jurors In Court

Before the year closes women might be acting as jurors in Australia and also sitting on the bench. The minister of justice of New South Wales, L. O. Martin, has promised to introduce a bill to give women that privilege.

They would not be presiding magistrates, but act as assessors of in industrial courts. They would be permitted to express in the presiding magistrate, with becoming brevity, it is hoped, their opinions on the cases.

The desire to do this has long held a place in the thoughts of women who are active in public affairs, and they are bent upon translating ambition into fact. The children's court is their first objective. They claim that they are better qualified to deal with young children than the ordinary magistrate. The children's court, however, deals with cases of youths aged 18 years, as well as with younger ones, and even women advocates admit that a man is better able to deal with some older juvenile offenders than a woman.

They argue, however, that a woman's presence, coupled with a woman in season to the man prevailing, might be beneficial. Past and present magistrates do not all agree with that opinion. There are women justices of the peace, of course, in Sydney. Certain and some of the reasons why they should not sit on the bench, but not even male justices of the peace sit on the bench in Sydney. It is said in quite a number of cases the working of the courts that they never will.

Alberta Rhodes Scholar

Mark McHugh, Son of Canadian University, Receives Award of \$1,000. The Rhodes scholar for 1925-26 is Mark McHugh, 21, son of Mr. and Mrs. R. W. McHugh, of Victoria, formerly of A.C.P. and Winnipeg. The Rhodes scholar's mother is Nellie McHugh, the noted Canadian authoress. Award of the scholarship was made known recently.

A student in honors philosophy, Mr. McHugh's campus career was marked by brilliant scholarship. He has been at the University of Alberta for five years and during that time has taken active part in the work of the university.

The new Rhodes scholar expects to leave for Oxford in the fall and intends to spend three years overseas. A brother, Jack, soldier in the provincial attorney-general's department, brought a similar honor to the family on conclusion of his career at the University of Alberta by winning the I.O.E. scholarship which enabled him to spend a year in the Old Country.

Savings Deposits

Have Increased Almost A Million Dollars During Past Year

Savings deposits in Canadian chartered banks on Oct. 31 amounted to \$1,465,401,708—almost \$400,000,000 more than on the corresponding date in 1934, according to the monthly statement of the banks to the department of finance. There was \$21,000,000 increase in deposits since last September 30.

Current account deposits also showed a marked increase, being up \$35,000,000 in the month and more than \$80,000,000 in the year, accounted for in a large measure by increasing deposits of current account other than Canadian in Canadian banks, which are shown in this column.

Current loans in Canada were down some \$15,000,000 in the month and \$40,000,000 less than a year ago, while call loans were also down.

License Fees From Radios

Amount Received From Owners About Same As Last Year "Collection of license fees from radio receiving sets during the current fiscal year has been running about on a par with last year when the total revenue from this source was slightly less than \$1,600,000." Beginning with the fiscal year 1935-36 the fee has been raised to \$2 for each receiving set.

In spite of the depression and the fact that radio grants on relief have not been pressed for "the license fees, collections have been between 90 and 95 per cent. complete, officials at Ottawa said.

Cost of collection has been about an average of 15 cents for each \$2 license with a general overhead of 5 per cent.

Inaugurates New Service

Japanese Department Store Has Opened Free Marriage Bureau

Not content with merely imitating the merchandising practices of the West, a large department store in Osaka, Japan, has instituted a new native service for customers. A free marriage bureau has been opened in the store. There men and women who desire to marry may register and furnish pertinent information about themselves.

Marriage in Japan usually is arranged by families; rather than by the individuals concerned, through go-betweens who receive a commission for their services. The new bureau will take over the work customarily done by the go-between.

There is a business reason for the establishment of this free service. The couples who meet through the bureau will purchase their wedding outfit at the store.—New York Times.

Radio Inquiry

Parliamentary Committee May Hold Investigation

A parliamentary committee may be established when the house meets in order to investigate radio broadcasting in Canada, particularly the administration of the radio commission, it was learned recently.

The committee would have the power of broadcasting would be probed into the possibility of regulating broadcasting by a general manager instead of a commission of three.

During the campaign Mr. MacKenzie King took exception to certain broadcasts under the name of "Mr. Sage" and promised reform of broadcasting regulations to stop abuse of public men. It is probable that "Mr. Sage" broadcast will be investigated.

Islanders Are Delighted

China Clipper Ends Isolation of Residents of Guam

Residents of Guam Island hailed arrival of the mail-liner China Clipper as ending the isolation of this tropical Pacific isle. The craft had left Alameda, Calif., four days previously.

The graceful ship, flying, nearing the end of its first flight over a trans-Pacific air mail route, arrived at Guam from Waka Island at 3:07. The 1,200-mile distance was covered in 10 hours, 30 minutes.

Two hundred pounds of mail was unloaded and speeded to the post-office for delivery while Capt. Edwin Musick, skipper of the flying boat, and his eight-man crew were welcomed by officials.

Recipe For Youth

Live In Present Is Advice Of Famous Humorist

George Ade, the humorist, tells how to be young at 70. "Live only in the present," he said. "Don't dwell on the secret. I caught myself reading the obituary notices recently before I turned to the sport page, and that was sure sign of senility." Ade mourned. "But I won't let myself become a mope and a has-been. I keep the life in touch with the latest news, the latest plays, the latest movies, and the latest books."

Edwin Thomas Howes, eccentric Londoner, lived a miser's life and starved himself, but lit his pipe every morning with a one-pound note. He continued the practice until his recent death.

She—I read a book last night that carried me right back to my childhood.

Second "Cat"—Yes, these modern books go pretty far.

Sirius, the dog star has a star companion made of substance so dense that one teaspoon of it would weigh about 340 pounds.

"Holly Days" are here again—choose the "Better Times Gift"

OGDEN'S FINE CUT

1/2-lb. tin

75c

Specially wrapped for Christmas giving.

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No Substitute For Butter

It Is A Concentrated Energy And Heat Producer

Butter is one of the foods which has been widely used for many centuries, but whose true nutritional merit has only recently been brought to light, according to Laura C. Pepper, of the Dairy and Cold Storage Branch, U.S. Department of Agriculture. Recognizing the importance of adequate amounts of fat in diet and the valuable contributions made to health by butter, modern scientists uphold the generous use of this superior fat.

Palatability and high food value are the two qualities which earn for butter the distinction of being "the fat for which there is no substitute." Fat is recommended for its taste, properties hold little or no interest for the woman who prides herself on her cooking. She knows it is butter which makes cream sauce look and taste so rich; it is the butter used in cakes and cookies that evokes praise from friends; and, similarly, it is butter that assures excellent flavour and colour in many dishes prepared for the family table.

As for food value, butter is a concentrated energy producer, yielding 21 times as much heat in the body as the sugar and starch foods. It is a butter that assures excellent flavour and colour in many dishes prepared for the family table. As for food value, butter is a concentrated energy producer, yielding 21 times as much heat in the body as the sugar and starch foods. It is a butter that assures excellent flavour and colour in many dishes prepared for the family table.

The National Physical Laboratory at Teddington, Eng., has a tank 670 feet long and 30 feet wide, in which scale models of boats and ships, of all sizes are tested for speed and seaworthiness.

A civic law in Tengenau, Dutch East Indies, forbids men to work in the village under penalty of being publicly thrashed by women.

Gray hair begins to show on white persons at the average age of 35. In Negroes this occurs seven years later.

Japan reports that 1,803,000 Japanese are now living in other countries.

Now Linked By Wireless

Lone Island Off Grand Cayman Connected With Jamaica

An island paradise where time for centuries has stood almost a beated warning of the march of progress, when wireless communication was established between Jamaica and Lone Island, one of her dependancies.

Lying about 300 miles northwest of Jamaica, Grand Cayman is the whitest island in the West Indies, more than 4,000 out of a total population of 5,000 being from Jamaica. Many of the original settlers came to Jamaica about the time Charles II. was put on the throne, and when his governor began to make trouble for them here, they moved to Grand Cayman. Others are descendants of English pirates and shipwrecked seamen who were the terror of the Caribbean more than 300 years ago. Piracy that brought tri-centennial rewards was abandoned for the easier trade of wrecking—lifting ships ashore by false beacon fires.

A religious people, they habitually prayed ships would be caught on the coral reef bounding the island, and they are told how a congregation who ran into a storm to look a wreck were hailed by the parson: "Brethren, sail for the benediction, and let's all start fair."

But today the Grand Caymans are described as the happiest and most inviolable people in the world. So peaceful have they become, it is said the only sin they commit is in dropping their hats.

Until Governor Sir Edward Denham of Jamaica formally opened the wireless service, the only communication with Grand Cayman was by boat.

A Reasonable Request And while the Government is paying the farmers for all the pigs they don't raise and all the corn and wheat and cotton they don't plant why don't they pay the radio song-crowlers for every radio song they don't croon? And why not pay the gals who lecture and do parts in radio drama for keeping off the air, asks the Chicago Tribune.

New Kind Of Marathon

Wear a beard or pay a dollar is the law in Anconia, Montana, this winter. The annual whisker marathon, first event in Anconia's "winter sports carnival," starts at 10 a.m. in the town where men let their beard grow or pay a city dollar for an exemption permit.

Sixteen is the most dangerous age where bicycle users are concerned.

Para-Sani

You'll save its modest cost before half the bill is used. That's because this heavy waxed paper keeps left-overs fresh, moist and flavorful. Ask for Apples' Para-Sani because of the exclusive knife edge cutter on the box.

HEAVY WAXED PAPER

ADD IT TO YOUR SHOPPING LIST NOW

Warehouses At Calgary, Edmonton, Regina and Winnipeg

The True Democratic Ideal Is Difficult To Attain, Says Baron Tweedsmuir

Whenever a mechanical state has been attempted it has always ended in disaster. Baron Tweedsmuir, Canadian a new governor-general, said in an address on democracy at the University of Toronto convention at which an honorary degree of doctor of laws was conferred on him.

Certain great countries in the world had been prepared to surrender their souls to a dictator or an oligarchy if only they were promised security. In such cases, all freedom of personality was lost and human beings became a disciplined collection of automata.

The governor-general remarked politics had hitherto been his chief subject but now, in the ordinary sense, was forbidden him. But for the day when the duties and rights of the state impinged so much upon the private life of the citizen, politics, in the broadest sense had become of far more universal interest than ever before.

University of Toronto, he believed driven to live up to the conception James Bryce, former British ambassador at Washington, had of the British statesman. He was to be free and free. An institution might be without freedom and free without being popular. The combination meant the attainment of the true democratic ideal—equality of status, a high level of human sympathy and complete freedom of thought.

"We are told, and told truly, that to-day democracy is at stake," he said. "The democratic form of government was the most difficult of all which it set up as a high purpose. It offered a wonderful prospect and it failed the disillusion was the keener."

The true democratic ideal had never been attained in history. Human society had never risen to the perfect balance of law and liberty and to-day the conditions of its attainment were more difficult than ever.

"Our fathers devised a certain constitutional machine which they believed would safeguard our independence and at the same time permit the tasks of government to be adequately performed," he continued. "That machine may have been too narrowly constructed."

In the interests of efficiency it may have to be drastically remodelled. But what we must hold fast to is the truth that no machine can be permitted to impair the freedom of the spirit and weaken the citizen's responsibility toward that conscience and that reason which are the gifts of God.

The danger came from two sources. One he called the "peril of the masses." In the modern state, because of its vast aggregations of people, there was an inclination to think of broad classes—the workers, the proprietors, the bourgeoisie and the general one about them with total fidelity. The human being was obscured by the human mass.

The second danger was what Baron Tweedsmuir called the "peril of the machine." This tended not merely to blunt the individuality of the human masses but to leave out humanity altogether and to regard the citizen as a minute cog in a vast impersonal machine.

New Pressures Produced

Are Believed To Be Highest Ever Reached By Man

Announcement of new apparatus which imposes pressures of 1,000,000 pounds per square inch, makes ice pressures are believed equal to those of a few hundred miles down. They were produced in the laboratory of Dr. P. W. Bridgman, in the research laboratory or physics.

Shipping Enthusiast

In 28 days, Tom Morris, an Australian shipping enthusiast, has skipped 600 miles. His journey was from Melbourne to Sydney along the Hume highway. He estimated that he skipped about 800 turns to each mile, and about 472,000 turns for the journey. He wore out five pairs of shoes, but used only one pair of shoes, boots, eyeglasses and food and clothing for him. He undertook the feat to demonstrate the value of shipping as an exercise.

Problem Still Unsolved Man Has Not Yet Decided How To Sleep

It is remarkable that in more than three thousand years mankind has not decided how to sleep. Nineteen centuries ago A. Cornelius Celsus gave medical practitioners the sage advice that sick people should sleep on the kinds of beds to which they were accustomed, hard coats for the users of hard mattresses, softer ones for those accustomed to softer down. But that is only part of a solution. What kind of beds should people try to get accustomed to? Ever since the discovery of magnetism there have been recurring waves of interest about the heads of people who sleep with their heads toward the north magnetic pole. Dr. Donald Laird was responsible for starting not only the interest but the debate about whether Pullman porters are right or wrong in making up berths with heads toward the engine. The famous shipbuilder Sir Alfred Yarrow once invented and advocated a bed that rocked all night like a ship at sea. It was provided the whole world of Kansas City, with a bed that tips back and forth slowly to put less strain on the sleeper's heart.

Dr. Sanders' theory is that tilting the body alternately one way or the other aids blood flow to the downward end at each interval when it is down, thus providing the whole body with ample blood supply at suitable intervals without the heart being compelled to pump the blood for itself. A similar method was suggested a few months ago for persons being treated for drowning or electric shock.

Rocking chairs, swaying cradles and swinging hammocks have been so common in so many ages and among so many races that there must be some deep-lying human habit which makes them pleasing. Ages ago, when our remote ancestors were departing in the trees, it may be that the strains of monkeys destined to be human acquired a habit of sleeping on swaying branches, so that similar motions still seem to our ancestral home. In still remoter days of evolution, the use of cradles that was to lead upward out of the rears presumably lived on in cradles in waters rocked back and forth by the waves. It is out of fashion just now among psychologists to look so far back as that for origins in existing human minds. The old idea of ancestral memories is frowned down. Perhaps Dr. Sanders' work on rocking and blood flow will help some of these frowns to a more modern explanation of why human beings like to be rocked.

—New York Herald-Tribune.

Finds Rare Butterfly

English Collector Nets Many Specimens of the Amazon River

For 55 years a collector of butterflies, Walter Dannatt of Lee, at the age of 73, has returned from a butterfly hunt in the jungles on the banks of the Amazon River.

He sailed for Brazil in the summer and spent nearly two months between the coast and Manaus, which is 1,000 miles from the mouth of the river. He took with him a bicycle which he had ridden for 30 years, though he was not able to use it in the wider parts. Mr. Dannatt said about the Amazon he had seen 100 species of butterflies in his collection, whose numbers between 18,000 and 19,000.

Specimens which he has brought back include a genus type of butterfly nearly six inches across, with brilliantly iridescent wings.

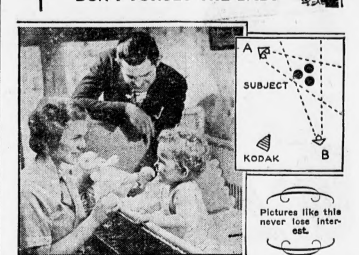
For Research Bureau Establishment under the national research council of a research bureau with three divisions covering different phases of forestry was suggested at the session of the conference on forestry research at Ottawa. The first division it was urged, should look after forest soils, the second, proper methods of harvesting forest crops, and the third, desirable logging practices.

If there were but one nest of robbers in each acre of land in Pennsylvania, with four young in each nest, a total of 3,000 tons of insects would be required to feed them for one day.

The man who never change his mind may have no change to change.

Bleuet is a French word which means "twice cooked." 2128

The SNAPSHOT GUIDE DON'T FORGET THE BABY



Place an ordinary floor lamp about three feet to the back and to the left of your subject as shown in diagram above. Floor lamp should be placed as shown in the diagram about five feet away with both shades tilted upward so as to throw the light directly on your subject. You should have two Photoflood bulbs in lamp "A" and in lamp "B".

Place the diagram at f.6.3 and shutter speed at 1/250 of second. Focus the camera properly, turn on your Photoflood bulbs, snap the picture—and there you are. If you have a box camera or one with a slower lens you can make a flashlight picture with the aid of a Photoflood bulb. With a Photoflood bulb you will need but the one or some small object and set it for "time". Within arm's length and at your side, place a floor lamp with the shade removed. Remove the hood of the flashlight and place it on a table lamp. Now—open the shutter of your camera, switch on the current for the flashlight bulb, which will give a vivid, instantaneous flash of light, immediately after the flash close the shutter of your camera.

You will get a lot of fun out of taking snapshots of your baby and in years to come these pictures will prove to be a real treasure chest of memories. Start to-day.

JOHN VAN GULDER

When Vision Changes

Scientist Claims Eyes Mirror Approximate Date Of Death

In your eyes you carry signs which tell how many years of life you may expect. This is asserted by a scientist at Nice, France, who claims that by examining a middle-aged person's eyes he can tell the approximate date of his or her death. The elasticity of the "lens" of the human eye gives a quick diminution at about the age of 50, he explains, and the "owner" becomes long-sighted. If a patient is examined at this period it is possible to tell, from the degree of change, how many years he has to live.

The eye disease trachoma afflicts 80,000 persons in Spain, and is the leading cause of blindness in that country.

Crochet For Big Or Little Sister



Whether she's five or twenty, your young lady will adore a crocheted set like this! She will feel very "grown-up" indeed with a perky pompadour based on her head and her hands in a muff-purse, while Mother will know that these woolly accessories are warm and practical. All three pieces are crocheted in a simple stitch, and the decorative ribbed working on afterwards. One piece or two will be a perfect Christmas present worked in two shades of a bright wool, or in contrasting colors.

In pattern 5488 you will find complete instructions for making the set, illustrations of it and of all stitches used; material required to Household Arts Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg.

There is no Alice Brooks pattern book published

Maintenance Of Peace In The Future The Intimate Concern Of Every Individual

Canadian Flow Champion

Introduced Ploving Matches To Western Canada While A Young Lad

The man who introduced plovling matches to western Canada 62 years ago is still going strong at 83 years of age. He is Horatio Webb of Chilliwack, B.C. He crossed the continent on the first train to run through from coast to coast, the journey occupying 14 days. He had it in mind to search for gold, but drifted to the farm instead.

Having achieved something of a local reputation as a plowman, young Webb was challenged by two Canadians to a plovling match for substantial stakes. Webb imported a special plow from England and won easily. Since that day there have been annual plovling matches at Chilliwack, and recently the plovling association presented Webb with a gold watch as a token of esteem.

One Horatio Webb defrayed the expenses of moving a church six miles from the abandoned town of Port Douglas to Chilliwack. Indians, under his supervision moved the church on a sled, which was pulled by four 60-foot canoes and floated it down a lake and river to its new site.

As exhibitor or judge, Mr. Webb has been associated with every important fair in British Columbia since 1899. Whenever he travels, he registers himself as from "Tchulchahayabuck," which is the old Indian name of Chilliwack. No hotel has succeeded yet in pronouncing it right at the first attempt.

Promising Sam Pack

1935 Pack In British Columbia To Be Heavy

Present reports are that British Columbia's 1935 pack of canned salmon will be substantially larger than the average annual production in the past 10-year period. During ten years (1925-1934) the yearly average output of canned salmon in the Pacific Coast province was 1,541,000 cases, holding 45 one-pound cans each, and the outlook now is that this year's pack will probably run up approximately 1,600,000 cases. At the middle of October, as shown by reports made to the Department of Fisheries, the canneries had put up approximately 1,425,000 cases, and last year between mid-October and the end of canning operations they packed over 2,583,000 cases. The aggregate production in 1934 was slightly under 1,500,000 cases.

Production of canned sockeye this year will not be quite as great as it was in 1934, when almost 37,000 cases were processed. The 1935 pack will probably total about 35,000 cases. The middle of October, when the sockeye canning nearly over for the year, the production figures were 34,260 cases. On the other hand, the production of pink salmon in the province, and chum output promises to be fairly well ahead of the 1934 figure. The output of canned coho has been running ahead of last year's production but there has been some drop in the pack of springs, as well as steelheads.

Aid For Police Detection

Enables Officer To Determine Whether A Person Is Carrying Concealed Weapons

Among the latest devices developed in war on crime are an automatic "gun detector" and an automatic "mugging" machine which anyone can operate.

The "gun detector" enables law enforcement officers to determine with an electric "eye" whether a suspect has a gun concealed on his person, and also will reveal whether visitors to jails or prisons are carrying guns, knives or raw blades.

The "mugging" machine reduces the process of getting a Bertillon picture to the mere pressing of a button.

These new inventions were demonstrated at Cleveland at a crime conference.

Thought Question Foelish

Liza, the Negro cook, answered the telephone one morning and a cheerful voice enquired: "What number is this?"

Liza was in no mood for trifling questions, war on crime was as serious as death. "You ought to know. You don't call it."

Fifty thousand people are engaged in the radio industry in England.

The Prince of Wales, presiding at the annual dinner of the Institute of International Affairs, said the organization had developed following the refusal of some members of the British delegation to the Versailles peace conference that maintenance of peace was the intimate concern of every man and woman.

Hon. Vincent Massey, Canadian high commissioner to London, and Sir Samuel Hoare, foreign secretary, also spoke at the dinner.

"We, sir, in Canada venture to regard you as one of our own," said Massey, addressing the prince.

"The growth of the Canadian institute has been steady and rapid," he continued. "There are 716 members belonging to 14 branches in all parts of Canada."

Fifty members of the Canadian club were invited to the dinner. A speech that membership would be regarded as an essential qualification for cabinet rank.

The Prince of Wales congratulated the institute on its rapid growth.

"When at the peace conference a small group of members of the British delegation saw the need for such an institute in the post-war world. They realized that maintenance of peace is a task which is not the business of a selected few but the intimate concern of every man and woman," said His Royal Highness.

"The founding members could not have foreseen the astounding development of interest in international affairs which we are witnessing to-day."

"The post-war world, though one in speed of communications, is far from one in comprehension of these communications. Knowledge is no faster but wisdom lags, so judgment is apt to be dangerous."

"It is beyond the range of ordinary citizens to grasp all the intricacies of government involved in conducting the affairs of the vast and varied British Commonwealth, yet it is essential for the government to have an enlightened public opinion behind it."

"That is why there is such a demand on the resources of the institute to provide unbiased information on every aspect of current national affairs. The institute thus fills an important gap in our national life."

Eskimos Are Law-Abiding

Commissioner Of R.C.M.P. Says They Are Peaceful People

Major-General Sir James MacBrien, commissioner of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, was a judge at the Indian Horse Show, New York. In an interview he touched on Eskimos.

"They are a peaceful, law-abiding people. I have never seen one who has gone up there in a war or there is a murder over a woman. The Eskimos are cured, or should I say blessed, as an astounding shortage of wives."

Sir James viewed the Hollywood conception of the "Mountie" with indignance. "It helps to inspire the rookies," he said. One thing he did object to was the stage show, "Rose Marie," at some years ago. "I'll never forget those dancing chorus boys dressed up as the Royal Canadian Mounted Police," he said. "It was dreadful."

Sir James said that the phrase that the mounted police "always get their man" was not true, but he liked it as an American tribute to the "Mounties."

"On occasion we have missed and do miss our man," he admitted. "But we never stop to go there is a man working on crimes committed 40 years ago."

He said that he received more letters from Americans asking about the Royal Mounted than he did from the rest of the world.

Fortune For Seamen

To the Prince of Wales came recently a check for almost \$100,000 from a man who had been on a sailing vessel for less than a dollar week. The donor is T. B. Davis, owner of the racing schooner Westward, and his gift is for the benevolent fund of the merchant navy which the Prince is Master.

Every language in the civilized world is spoken, and newspapers in nearly all of them are published, within the city limits of New York.

Japanese motorists must equip their cars with anti-spilling devices to keep dogs to protect pedestrians on the narrow streets.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Admiral Sir Roger Keyes, member of parliament and naval hero of the Great War, demanded that the British navy be made supreme in the world.

Officials at the Zeppelin works in Friedrichshafen, Germany, have announced the new dirigible LZ-120 will be ready for trial flights early next year.

Exchange of a house for a postage stamp has been disclosed. B. C. Berger, Seattle, traded the stamp of an 1868 Canadian issue valued at about \$500, for a small house and lot.

Exports of Canadian bacon during the first nine months of 1935 totalled nearly 100,000,000 pounds with a value of \$15,756,171, a gain of about one million dollars over the same period of 1934.

Pretending to be in dire poverty and living in a drab cottage had neither electricity, gas nor other improvements, Mrs. Ellen J. Ackerman, who died in New York on Nov. 20, left a hoarded fortune of \$200,000.

Anxious to register so that they will be eligible for the Social Credit dividend of \$25 per month, and when it is granted, scores of single jobless men from all parts of Canada are drifting into the cities of Calgary and Edmonton daily.

President Roosevelt has formally proclaimed the reciprocal trade treaty between the United States and Canada to become effective Jan. 1. The president also proclaimed the treaty between the United States and Brazil.

Carl Janssen, who professes to have introduced step-and-go lights in England, appeared at the Thames police court, London, accused of having failed to observe a stop-and-go light. Despite a plausible excuse, he was forced to pay \$250.

William Brown, of Delaware, Jan. president of the Canadian Ayrshire Breeders Association, has been re-elected director of Manitoba and Saskatchewan. It was announced that John Richards, Jr., of Red Deer, Alta., was elected director of Alberta and British Columbia.

Praises Trade Treaty

Step In Right Direction Says Sir Edward Beatty

Commendation of the Canada-United States reciprocal trade treaty was voiced at Thorold, Ont., by Sir Edward Beatty, K.C., who returned to his home-town to address the annual dinner of the Thorold Board of Trade.

"The new trade agreement is a step in the right direction," declared the president of the Canadian Pacific Railways in a postscript to his address.

Increased trade and postponement of large public works where the cost was disproportionate to the direct stimulus given employment were cited as essentials to complete recovery in Canada. Later he said: "I never could see the virtue of trying to destroy because we are suffering defects in our system. There is no reason to burn down the house because there are a few cockroaches in the cellar."

Mail Was Delayed

Letters Slipped Behind Post Boxes 32 Years Ago

The postal service of Fort Worth, Texas, is pretty efficient, but it has just finished a delivery that was 32 years late. Some letters had slipped down between crevices of old-time rent boxes in the old post-office. Some were so time-worn that they crumbled to bits between the fingers of workmen who were replacing the boxes. But the mail must go through. All that still retained their form were delivered. New boxes eliminate the possibility of the incident's happening again.

Disobeyed Orders

A hired man disobeyed orders and 663 pigs, owned by J. H. Parsons and valued at \$600, went to a water-gate in Seven Persons Creek, Alta. The porkers plunged through a hole and went down toward under the ice. The hired man was ordered to chop a hole near the shore. Instead, he went to the centre of the stream.

To prevent bruising of the animals, the inside of cattle cars for the government railways in South Africa will be padded.

More American automobiles are purchased in South America than in any other country in the world.

Friendship is the result of knowing each other well, but not too well.

Utopia Is In Tonga Islands

Island Has No Unemployment And A Smooth Functioning Legislature

A picturesque Pacific island where—There is no income tax. Nobody is without property. There are no poor. Nobody is illiterate. There is a simplified smooth-functioning legislature.

It is the island of Tonga, and its Crown Prince, Taufa'ahau, has been visiting Melbourne, Australia, for Methodist church centenary, has been telling about it.

Every boy on attaining the age of 16 is given a grant of 83 acres of land and a village home; in other words the means to make a living among his 20,000 fellow islanders.

In place of income tax, a payment of \$10 a year is levied on every male adult, and this entitles him to free medical, dental and hospital treatment for himself and his family. To augment the revenue, there are customs duties and taxes on motor cars. There are free primary schools and two colleges.

Prince Taufa'ahau, now 18, is the youngest of six full brothers. He already won distinction as a hurdler, weight puller and footballer. He is studying law.

Medical Science In Russia

Standard Is High Opinion Of Sir Frederick Banting

High praise for the standards of medical science in Russia was uttered by Sir Frederick Banting, discoverer of insulin, in an address before the Hamilton, Ont., Health Association.

So intensively and efficiently had the nation tackled the problem of tuberculosis, said Sir Frederick, that he hardly ever saw or heard of a bedridden tuberculosis patient in Russia. "Of course," he said, "their problems are not ours. They tackle the disease much earlier. The workers are examined by their factory, the trade union doctors and sent to institutions as soon as signs of tuberculosis develop. The result is that you rarely find a case that requires bed treatment."

Sir Frederick, who returned recently from a trip to Russia, also said medical science was kept a pace with civilization. It was not enough to fight disease when it came, but medical science must fight also to prevent it.

Naturalists Baffled

Many Birds' Markings Are On This Strange Specimen

Mother Nature got all tangled up, sportsmen believed, after viewing a strange bird which has naturalists from Lewiston, Idaho, baffled. The mysterious bird of many colors, a hen, bears the markings of a China pheasant, a blue grouse and a bronze domestic turkey. It is twice as large as a fulvous pheasant. The tail is rounded and stunted, like that of a turkey. Around the eye there is the scarlet mark of the pheasant rooster and the back and wings bear the mark of the Old World bird. The feathers of legs and lower breast are marked like the grouse and the bronze and bars of the gobbler appear on the tail feathers.

Bottle Crosses The Ocean

Dropped Overboard South Of Newfoundland Was Found In Scotland

A bottle has crossed the Atlantic—after a voyage of nine months. It was found on the coast of North Uist, in the Hebrides, Scotland, by Malcolm Robertson, of Lochmaddy. A message inside asked the finder to communicate with the town of St. John's, Nfld. The bottle was found by Robertson. The message said the bottle was thrown into the sea from the liner Lafayette south of the Newfoundland Banks on Jan. 22, 1933.

Elastic Safety Curb

An "elastic" hand or curb is being tried out at a bend on a steep hill near Frodoon, N.S., in an effort to protect motorists from going over the edge. Two steel ropes are stretched at the height of a car's wheels along the dangerous side of the road and are fastened to iron posts at either end by wire springs. It is claimed that this elastic fence will guide a motor car back to the road if, in rounding the bend, it should go too near the edge.

The new recruit passed an officer without saluting.

"Here, my man," called the officer, "do you see this uniform I'm wearing?"

"Yes, sir, and just look at this thing they gave me." 2128

GERMAN RAILWAY OFFICIAL



Werner Haag, official representative of the German State Railways, who has recently opened an Information Bureau for the German State Railways in Canada at Toronto. Mr. Haag comes to Canada after many years' association with the German State Railways offices in Berlin, London and Paris and he is also the official representative of the organizing committee for the 11th Olympic Games in 1936, in Berlin.

Canadian Bacon

Exports of Canadian bacon during the first nine months of 1935 totalled early 100,000,000 pounds with a value of \$15,756,171, a gain of about one million dollars over the same period of 1934.

Palestine is not as fertile now as it was in the days of Christ.

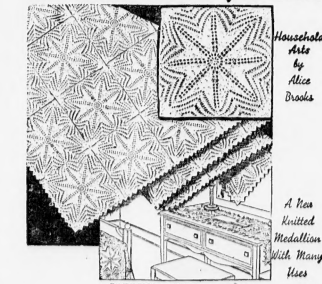
IS NEW COMMANDER



Captain George K. Baillie, new commander of the Donatonic Atlantic liner "Letitia," who brought this Scottish ship into Montreal Harbour recently as his first passenger command. Captain Baillie was for 14 years master of the Donatonic freighter "Cortona," trading between Glasgow, the River Plate and Vancouver.

Captain Baillie is a Highlander and served his early apprenticeship in ship. He was last in Montreal during the War as an officer on the "Canadara."

New Needlework For Your Home



Here's a new needlework pattern, it will stand you in good stead both before and after Christmas. Right now, one square knitted in string would make a lovely insertion for a pillow or scarf. Two, joined together, make a duffle. An elegant is given to finish the piece. Then after Christmas, plan to make a bodysuit or dinner cloth—you'll find the squares make fine pickup work. The lacy squarons set off very effectively an attractive star pattern.

In pattern 5494 you will find complete instructions for making the square and joining it to make a variety of articles; an illustration of it and of all stitches needed; materials requirements.

To obtain this pattern send 20 cents in stamps or coin (preferred) to Household Arts Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg.

There is an Alike Brooks pattern book published

Received Special Permit

Tower On University Of London 210 Feet High

The tower that will dominate the new buildings of the University of London in Bloomsbury, England, will be 210 feet high, 40 feet higher than Nelson's Column in Trafalgar Square, but not the highest structure in London. The Big Ben tower on the houses of parliament is 320 feet high. Yet by London standards the university tower will be something of a skyscraper, and the view from its top should be magnificent.

Special sanction has been received by the university authorities from the London county council for the erection of a building above the limit of from 80 feet to 100 feet, prescribed under the London Building Amendment Act of this year. Work on the base of the tower has been begun, but the whole structure may not be completed until 1937.

The tower will have eight storeys, several of which will be used for storing books for the library. The library will be in the base.

Lloyds Granted Charter

Famous English Insurance Firm Will Operate In Alberta

Lloyds of London, famous insurance firm, has been granted a charter to operate in Alberta under an order approved by the provincial cabinet.

The permission was refused when application was first made last year to the U.F.A. government. At that time, insurance men in the province protested that no bond would have to be posted by Lloyds. The British company will not establish a branch at Edmonton, but will deal through agencies already established. It was stated.

Proving Valuable Aids

League Of Nations Making Use Of Aviation And Radio

Radio and aviation are proving valuable aids to the League of Nations. Without these means of communication it would have been impossible for the League to arrive at its decisions and put into effect the sanctions program against Italy in so short a time and with such unanimity of action. When the League co-ordination committee completed its program of five sanctions against Italy, it was instantly in touch with all the governments represented, and the proposals received official endorsement. The terms of the sanctions were broadcast by the League's wireless station at Geneva as soon as they were adopted, and copies were immediately sent by air-mail to the 56 league members, including Ethiopia.

Such unanimity of decision and action would not have been possible in the old days. Today, under the mother of procrastination, and it gave the enemy an opportunity to get in some diplomatic work that would have been impossible for a course of united action which they were all agreed would be effective if carried out at once. Radio in breaking down barriers and demolishing boundary lines. It may not de-nationalize the world, but it is creating an international consciousness and confidence that should make for a better understanding and for peace.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

Death Defying Dive

Ability To Save 45-Degree Angle — Jumps His Life

Red Brady, a recent visitor to Halifax, N.S., never studied geometry, but he says he owes his life to his ability to judge a 45-degree angle. He makes his living by jumping 110 feet into five feet of water.

Brady studies his degrees and distances like a professor of mathematics. The tank into which he plunges is 15 feet across and contains five feet of water. His diving tower is 110 feet high. When he climbs to the topmost platform, he has these dimensions in mind. Then he tests the direction of the wind. If it is negligible he forgets it; if it is blowing, he makes a mental estimate of the slight sidleslip it may give to his falling body. Finally he braces his feet, pauses, and falls forward and down—down in a dive that never carries him more than three and one-half feet below the surface.

At night his dives are even more spectacular, because he ties a piece of gasoline-soaked waste to his back. Brady knows that if he miscalculates by as much as 10 degrees, he may never dive again, but he believes that his excellent physical condition will keep him accurate. He doesn't smoke, doesn't drink alcohol, tea or coffee, and never goes to parties.

Poverty Abolished

Soviet Dictator Says Poverty Thing Of The Past In Russia

Joseph Stalin, speaking at a conference of harvesters, has announced poverty among peasants has been abolished in the Soviet Union.

"On the eve of the year 20,000, 60 to 80,000 peasants were in a condition of semi-starvation," he said. "All this has been ended." "We have succeeded in eliminating poverty along with unemployment. We are now on our way to wealth." The Soviet dictator asserted he harvested 4,000,000,000 and 5,000,000,000 pecks of grain had been sown in the Soviet Union this year, and appealed for an increase of 8,000,000,000.

Educational Worker

Late Edward Best Graduated At Age Of 72

Edward E. Best, for 47 years an educational worker in Manitoba, is dead, aged 83.

Born in Ireland, Mr. Best came to Canada as a child and lived in Ontario until he came to Manitoba as a school teacher in 1881. For many years he was an inspector of schools. A little more than 32 years ago Mr. Best determined to take a university degree and commenced study at the University of Manitoba, graduating as a B.A. at the age of 72.

A son, Ernest E. Best, is general secretary of the Y.M.C.A. for Canada and is well known in Winnipeg, Regina and other western cities.

Scheme Did Not Work

Cleveland police were talking about a worried motorist who parked his car in a forbidden spot and left a note on the windshield. "Do not leave ticket; back in 30 minutes." The motorist returned to find the note this reply: "Sorry—couldn't wait." There was also a ticket.

An Unscientific Storm

Weather Bureau Experts Were Puzzled By Freak Hurricane

Like men sitting on top of a rumbling volcano, citizens of Nassau, Bahamas, waited last November 3. Seventy miles north, a hurricane had whipped across the sea from Bermuda, and was on its way south. By morning, said Grady Norton, of the United States Weather Bureau, Nassau would get "a pretty good walloping."

Three days westward the same day, in Miami, Florida, as did the Associated Press, "the sun was shining brightly . . . and a mild wind was blowing." The next afternoon, not Nassau, but Miami, received the walloping.

Suddenly changing the course predicted by the meteorologists, the storm veered into the Florida spa just after one o'clock, leveling houses, tossing boats up on land, and marling telegraph wires. The storm then smashed again, piling wreckage high, killing seven persons, injuring scores. Among those fearing their lives were the weather bureau's meteorologists, whose calculations have been upset twice in the past 24 hours. The storm moved about as much regard for the traditional hurricane route as an American auto-driver who insists on driving down a one-way street in the wrong direction. The storm moved "in the street," said the United Press describing an interview with L. R. Tanenhill, of the Weather Bureau.

The meteorologists called the latest storm "not just another hurricane, but a freak of Nature so unprecedented as to set the scientific world agog."

Bacon Exports Up

A Million Dollars

Has Made Strides In Meeting Competition On The British Market

Canada's exports of bacon during the first nine months of 1935 show a gain of about one million dollars over the same period of 1934. Exports of Canadian bacon to the end of September totalled nearly 100,000,000 pounds with a value of \$15,756,171 compared with 91,286,700 pounds valued at \$14,472,131 in the first nine months of 1934. This increase, amounting to 5,153,500 pounds in volume, was mostly all in the British market, which took 98,843,000 pounds, or 98.4 per cent. of the Dominion's total export.

Canada's bacon entering the British market is sold in competition with the bacon of other countries, but comparatively short period of four years Canada's position as an exporter of bacon to Great Britain has advanced from ninth place in 1931 to second place in 1934. In addition to supplying the British market with such a large quantity, Canada this year exported bacon to seven other countries, including the United States, Newfoundland, Bermuda, the different portions of the British West Indies, the French West Indies, the islands of St. Pierre and Miquelon, Japan, China, Fiji, Colombia, Peru and Alaska.

Domestic Court For Navy

Established To Settle Marriage Troubles Of British Sailors

The British navy is to have "domestic courts" to aid naval ratings who need advice or assistance for the well-being of their families, and to settle any domestic troubles that may arise.

This decision is announced in Fleet Orders, just issued. Three women have already been appointed to assist in this work and have begun their duties.

Officially, "domestic courts" are called the Welfare and Marriage Allowance section.

The courts are to be established in naval barracks at each of the three home ports, Portsmouth, Devonport and Chatham.

Rat Plague In Rumania

Bucharest is in search of a pious priest to put an end to the rat plague which is ravaging public health. Packs of rats have crossed the river Danube from Russia and have now invaded Rumania, including the capital. The ministry of public health has taken measures to destroy the pest, but the result has been nil. At night, pest-control workers on Calcea Vitoriei, Bucharest's main thoroughfare and the street on which is situated the royal palace, experience the unpleasant sensation of tripping over rats which cross their way in thick, brown streams.

Plants that ordinarily grow in soil are being raised by a University of California scientist in tanks of water. The scientist's experimental plants are added, artificial sunshine also being supplied.

Plan Designed To Halt Italy's Campaign In Ethiopia

Paris—Premier Laval of France and Sir Samuel Hoare, British foreign secretary, reached complete agreement on a plan designed to halt Italy's campaign of conquest in Ethiopia.

According to authoritative sources, the plan embodies the following proposals: Ethiopia should cede most of Tigre province and all of Ogaden province outright to Italy, and should also grant to Italy a colonization zone comprising all remaining Ethiopian territory lying south of the eighth parallel north latitude and east of 36 degrees east longitude.

The so-called "colonial" zone would remain under nominal sovereignty of Emperor Haile Selassie but would be administered by Italy, probably through the medium of an Italian resident governor acting as "counselor" to the king of kings.

In return Ethiopia would receive a outlet to the sea either through Asseb, Italy's Red Sea port in south-east Eritrea, or through Berbera, British Somaliland's chief harbor situated on the Indian ocean coast. Ethiopia also would get a strip of

territory forming a corridor to whichever of these ports would be turned over to it. It further would retain Asseb, its Coptic Christian holy city in Tigre province, now occupied by Italian troops.

So-called Amharic Ethiopia would remain independent, but would receive economic assistance from the members of the League of Nations. Italy would play the predominant role in this assistance plan, inspired by a proposal advanced some time ago by the league's committee of five.

The Hoare-Laval peace project falls short of Italy's known demands in one significant respect: It fails to afford a territorial link between her two African colonies, Eritrea and Italian Somaliland.

The plan will be forwarded to Premier Mussolini with the understanding he will have to choose one of these alternatives:

1. He must accept the proposal as basis for peace negotiations.
2. If rejected, he must suggest what would be the least Italy would accept to end the campaign.

Unlikely one of these two courses is adopted, the rigid embargo on oil to Italy will follow.

Not For Defence Purposes

Huge British Loan Is To Retire Other Obligations

London.—It was authoritatively stated that the funding loan which was successfully subscribed soon after the war could not be devoted to defence purposes. It was specifically earmarked for the retirement of other obligations.

In some quarters, however, it has been suggested that the cleaning up of the money market by the present funding operations would increase the flotation of a defence loan later.

Previous reports were to the effect that part of the £300,000,000 loan might be used for defence purposes. However, it had been learned from a high admiralty source that in the event that no agreement was forthcoming from the naval conference here some of the proceeds would be used for the building of three new battle cruisers.

Reports of an impending huge defence loan for months off and on have been a handy device by certain stock exchange interests to whip occasional flagging business.

Official assurances that there would be no such increase in the defence forces naturally stimulated interest as to where the money was coming from. But far from revealing public curiosity the government hitherto has declined to reveal even the extent of the new armaments programme.

The appearance of the two courses funding loan revived conjecture on this point.

Warships On Cruise

Two British Cruisers Steam Out Of Gibraltar Harbor

Gibraltar.—The battle cruisers Hood and Renown, two of the most powerful warships in the world, accompanied by four destroyers, steamed out of Gibraltar harbor and into the Atlantic ocean on a "sea-conditioning" cruise.

Authoritative sources in London said their departure from Mediterranean waters had no connection with the Italian-Ethiopian conflict. But informed observers considered it noteworthy that the Mediterranean was made a time when Britain and France was rebuilding their efforts to evolve a peaceful solution of the controversy.

It was recalled, weeks ago, that the British government had demanded withdrawal of some of Britain's home fleet units from the Mediterranean in exchange for withdrawal of a division of Italian troops from the Libyan-Egyptian border.

Mine Worker Killed

Lost Balance On Timber Slide And Dropped 300 Feet

Nelson, B.C.—Joseph Nicholson, 28, Rose Gold Mines Company employee, lost his balance and plunged 300 feet to instant death in the bottom of a midway in a raise at the Nuggett-Motherlove property.

Nicholson, with Iver Chalk and James Ferguson, was working at the bottom of the shaft when the timber slide occurred. Nicholson was the first to fall, landing on his head. He lost his balance, his fellow employees stated, and hurtled down, dying almost instantly. Nicholson was a native son of Nelson, where his mother, Mrs. J. Nicholson, still lives.

ITALIANS FIND ETHIOPIAN COUNTRY TRYING

Our picture shows General Mengistu's blackbirds holding one of the outposts at Amba Bati-Palae, near Addis, and giving a good idea of the type country the Italians have to advance through in order to reach Ethiopian armies. Sometimes the Italians are not so fortunate as to capture a commanding position as that shown above, and then the shoe is on the other foot and the Ethiopians fire down on the advancing blackbirds.

HEADS TOURIST BODY

D. Leo Dolan, Director of the Canadian Travel Bureau, who was elected President of the Canadian Association of Tourist and Publicity Bureaus, at the annual general meeting at Ottawa.

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Hepburn Cancels Power Contracts With Quebec Companies

Toronto.—The Ontario government proclaimed its Power Act, cancelling power purchase contracts with four Quebec companies, after a conference with representatives of the companies failed to reach an agreement. Further negotiations, it was announced, would be delayed until after the Dominion-provincial conference this month.

An order-in-council was passed following the futile negotiations in Premier Mitchell Hepburn's office, proclaiming the act which was passed at the last session of the legislature. The cabinet conferred for some time and decided the offer of the companies for revision of contracts was "altogether unsatisfactory."

Further negotiations for purchase of power it actually required, pending definite settlement of the question, will be carried on by the Ontario hydro electric commission.

The Hepburn government, which came into power in the summer of 1934, had power contracts with the Beauharnois, McLaren, Ottawa Valley and Gatineau companies to be illegal. The contracts were arranged by the hydro electric commission during former Conservative administrations.

Prolonged negotiations between the government and representatives of the four companies followed passage of the Power Act early this year.

These ended when Premier Hepburn said the companies had failed to submit "any offer which was possible of acceptance."

He told company representatives the question of future demand for power, "on the distinct understanding that no more power will be purchased than is actually required," would be referred to the hydro commission.

No power is now being received by the commission from Beauharnois, McLaren or Chats Falls and a limited amount of approximately 85,000 horsepower is being taken from Gatineau on the primary demand and about 113,000 for steam generation purposes.

The power companies, faced with the threat of cancellation of their contracts to supply power, were unable to agree on a combined offer. Beauharnois, McLaren and Ottawa Valley joined in one offer and Gatineau made a different offer on its own behalf.

Attorney-General Arthur W. Reece backed assertions that no power shortage would result from the Ontario government's proclamation of the Power Commission Act, cancelling power purchase contracts with four Quebec companies. Should the Gatineau company cut off the power, it now is supplying the hydro commission, it would make no difference.

Bank Clerk Slain

Quebec Gangsters Eager With \$15,000 Of Bank's Funds

Hull, Que.—Gangsters kidnapped the clerk of one of the Hull branches of the Banque Provinciale du Canada, killed one with a bullet in his head, left the other bound and blindfolded and exacted with \$15,000 in bills the clerks were taking to the bank's main office in Ottawa.

The dead man, Armand Nadeau, 18-year-old clerk and former Montreal resident, was believed to have attempted to resist the bandits before his youth. As recently as several weeks ago he was mentioned by political observers as a possible choice for his youth. As recently as several weeks ago he was mentioned by political observers as a possible choice for his youth.

Memorial For Jellicoe
London.—Prime Minister Baldwin today presented in the House of Commons a memorial to the late Earl Jellicoe, who was rumored in the lobbies of the House of Commons.

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Former Trade Minister

Hon. James Malcolm Dies At His Home In Kincardine

Kincardine, Ont.—Hon. James Malcolm, minister of trade and commerce from 1924 to 1929 in the former King government, died at his home here. He was 59 years old.

Mr. Malcolm declared himself an active part in the last federal election campaign owing to ill health with which he had been troubled since his youth. As recently as several weeks ago he was mentioned by political observers as a possible choice for his youth. As recently as several weeks ago he was mentioned by political observers as a possible choice for his youth.

His death, according to reports, was unexpected. He had been living a life of retirement and his health until comparatively recently seemed improved.

Mr. Malcolm was born at Kincardine in July, 1880. He represented Bruce North in the House of Commons. Surviving are his widow and a sister, Mrs. A. T. Clarke of Ottawa.

New Peace Appeal Addressed To Italy By British Spokesman

London.—Sir Samuel Hoare, foreign secretary, addressed a new peace appeal to Italy, but coupled with it an assertion that "this appeal is no sign of weakness."

Before a tense and crowded house of commons, Sir Samuel joined this plea, a promise of "another great effort" to end the Italo-Ethiopian conflict, and a renewed pledge to "play our part" in any collective League of Nations action to apply an oil embargo against Italy.

These were the outstanding points of Sir Samuel's speech:

1. Declaring both Britain and the league were pledged in principle to the oil embargo, he said the United Kingdom was "prepared to take our share in whatever collective action is determined at the league sanctions committee meeting."

2. He told the house of commons that Britain and France intend to "redouble our efforts" to reconcile Italy, Ethiopia and the league before that meeting; and appealed directly to It Duce and the people of Italy to "dismiss entirely from their minds the suspicion that we have sinister motives behind our support of the league."

3. In announcing support for the projected oil embargo, Sir Samuel said he would not make it clear that no government is any more responsible than another for this collective decision, or, indeed, for any of the sanctions proposals.

He did not specifically mention Canada in this connection.

His glowing cognizance of the North China autonomy trouble, he politely warned Japan that his friendly relations with her neighbors might be

endangered by indications of aggression in North China.

Unfortunate events had lent color to belief that Japanese influence was growing in the Far East, and that developments in China, any thing tending to create this belief, could only harm Japanese prestige and hamper friendly relations with her neighbors.

Sir Samuel expressed his regret that Great Britain had failed in an attempt to reopen disarmament discussions with Chancellor Hitler of Germany. "So long as the Ethiopian war is continuing, there is little to be gained by these discussions," he told the house.

"We have no wish to weaken Italy or to humiliate Italy," Sir Samuel told the house. "Indeed we are most anxious to see a strong Italy in the world, politically, socially, and that is able to contribute to the world's invaluable assistance."

"I appeal once again to Signor Mussolini and his fellow countrymen to dismiss entirely from their minds the suspicion that we have sinister motives behind our support of the league. We have none."

"Let them dismiss from their minds the suspicion that we have sinister motives behind our support of the league. We have none."

Likewise, he went on, Britain had no desire to weaken the position of It Duce "and destroy the Fascist regime. We have not the least desire to interfere in the internal affairs of Italy."

Intends To Retire

Premier Of Ontario Stands His Decision Still

Toronto.—Premier Mitchell F. Hepburn of Ontario came home from a health trip to the south, determined to carry out his plan of retiring from politics after the 1933 session of the Ontario legislature. He spent the last month in Florida and will return there after the Dominion-provincial conference.

Broun and feeling much better after his four weeks rest, Mr. Hepburn was hopeful that the improvement in his health would continue, but that wouldn't alter his decision to quit politics. His decision to retire as premier and leader of the Liberal party in Ontario "still stands," he said.

Economic Recovery

Hon. Vincent Massey Gives Cheerful Picture Of Dominion's Outlook

London.—Hon. Vincent Massey, Canadian high commissioner to London, gave to the Canadian Club a cheerful picture of a Dominion well on the road to economic recovery.

Sir Edward Peacock, native of Glenora county, Ont., and widely known in London financial quarters, presided at the meeting.

The progress of Canada during the last year "has been steady and broken," said Massey. "Nearly all the important indices of economic activity, such as bank revenues, exports, car loadings, the use of electrical power, custom clearances, contracts for construction—all these indicate uniform improvement."

Railwaymen Urge Inquiry Into Cause Of Unemployment

Ottawa.—Re-establishment of scientific machinery to discover primary causes for unemployment and prevailing economic and industrial conditions was urged by a delegation from the Canadian Railway Transportation Brotherhood which presented a nine-point legislative program to the federal government.

Hon. C. D. Howe, minister of railways, and Finance Minister Dunning promised the submission would be given consideration.

It was the annual presentation of legislative proposals from the Brotherhood of Railway Conductors, Trainmen, Telegraphers, Engineers, Firemen and Engine-men and Maintenance of Way employees. The delegation, which originally came to interview Prime Minister King, was received in private.

Chief submissions of the deputations were:

1. Amendments to the British North America Act to restrict the veto powers of the senate, broaden the scope of legislative competence of the federal parliament empowering it to enact social legislation of general interest and welfare.
2. Amendments to the old age

Shuns Publicity

Dr. Allan Ray Dafe In Britain's Who's Who Of 1936

New York.—Dr. Allan Ray Dafe, who came into world renown along with the Dionne quintuplets of Calander, Ont., "crushed" Great Britain's Who's Who of 1936.

Recently, but the insertion was in keeping with his modesty.

He recorded of himself: "Practice of medicine as a general practitioner since 1907; in charge of the Dionne quintuplets from their birth."

Dr. Dafe's name was in the Who's Who of 1936.

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Publicity For Canada

Motion Pictures Show World What Dominion Is Doing

A report issued by the department of trade and commerce at Ottawa says Canada is getting valuable publicity abroad through screening of 5,437 copies of motion pictures of Canadian scenery and industrial activity, representing about 5,000,000 feet of film. The films were taken by the Canadian government motion picture bureau.

Of these films 2,831 were in circulation in the United States, 1,280 in Canada, 287 in the United Kingdom, 150 in Australia, New Zealand and Tasmania, 120 in Germany, 100 in South America and 84 in Austria. In smaller volume the films circulate also in Japan, South Africa, Turkey, East India and many other countries.

Films obtained during the year depicted scenes in the principal cities of the Dominion and the national parks, with outdoor life pictures to encourage tourist trade.

Installation of sound recording equipment and improved laboratory equipment has proved a great aid in connection with the new material on the fruit, fisheries, lumbering and agricultural industries in the form of travelogues. Work on a series dealing with the cultivation, harvesting, storage, inspection and transportation of Canadian grain has also been completed, the report states.

Educational programs have been provided for men attached to the unemployment service camps in various parts of the Dominion and for the militia training camps at Peterborough, Barrie, Camp Borden, and Niagara-on-the-Lake.

One of the outstanding achievements of the motion picture bureau, says the report, was the completion of the official Canadian government film history of the Cansco Corp. in the war entitled, "Let Us Forget."

What Canadians Eat

Interesting Tabulation Is Based On Census Returns

A survey recently completed by the Canadian Daily Newspaper Association, based upon census returns, tells us what the average Canadian family eats in a year. The figures are interesting tabulation, and in view of the fact that South Alberta is beginning to process some of the raw materials from our farms to make them available in a refined form to the average Canadian family, perhaps the figures will be of more than passing interest.

We are told that the average Canadian family consumes 25.96 pounds of canned milk in a year, 16.28 pounds of cheese and 47.43 pounds of sugar; of salt for house-keeping uses we use 46 pounds per family per annum. As for the eating habits of the average Canadian family, we consume 66.36 pounds annually, but Canadians are not big consumers of lamb and mutton, buying only 6.28 pounds per family per year, a very low consumption as compared to Australia and New Zealand where mutton consumption is nearly 100 pounds per family.

The total food bill of the average Canadian family is approximately \$100 annually. Letbrithing, with 3,600 families, therefore, is a market for about a million and a quarter dollars of foodstuffs annually, with about \$8,000,000 for our trading territory—Letbrithing Herald.

Weather Maps For Ships

Will Be Sent By Radio To Vessels At Sea

Radio Corporation of America announces it will begin within a few weeks to shortwave radio transmission in facsimile of weather maps to ships at sea. German, American, Norwegian and Spanish ships will be equipped with receivers at the end of next year, the corporation said, and the U.S. weather bureau will begin to supply weather material for transmission immediately thereafter.

Palatine As Health Resort

A conference of Jewish doctors, many of them refugees from Germany, to discuss the merits of the Holy Land as a health resort will be a feature of the Levant fair which is to be held at Tel Aviv at the end of next April. Discussions on the agricultural development of Palestine and the technical progress made in other countries will also play an important part on this occasion.

Women are better snake-charmers than men. Three Burmese women have charmed their cobras so well that the snakes kiss them.

PARIS FAIRLY TO CONSIDER FRANCO-GERMAN PACT



Far-reaching significance in European affairs is attached to the forthcoming conference in Paris between Premier Pierre Laval and Joachim von Ribbentrop, Chancellor Hitler's personal ambassador, for the purpose of drawing up a Franco-German armistice. Such an agreement might create an open breach between France and Russia, however, because of the treaty negotiated by Maxim Litvinov, Soviet Foreign Minister, stipulating that neither France nor Russia will undertake a military pact with a third nation. Laval is known to oppose ratification of the Franco-Soviet treaty because, in growing Leftist sentiment in France, the forthcoming Paris conference is considered comparable in importance, in respect to Franco-German relations, to the treaties signed after the Franco-Prussian war and the Versailles treaty following the World War.

The Changing Times

Have Made It Easy For Women To Travel Alone

There was a time when a woman entering a European hotel and signing the register was subjected to the glassy eye if she happened to be alone. The opinion seemed to be that she was some siren bent on luring plans for the destruction of defenseless males occupied solely with the enterprise of enjoying life without molestation. The spread of universal suffrage for the sex has made it possible for any woman who can pay her way to proceed untroubled along whatever route she may elect to travel. If she transgresses the penalties she suffers the same penalties meted out to the opposite sex. The old theory that the accused is guilty until proven innocent has been reversed by the more acceptable principle that a woman alone is quite as likely to be as worthy a patron as the next man who comes along and signs up for a night's board and lodging. There is no longer doubt concerning a woman's familiarity with business matters.

Modern women, married or single, are quite familiar with their rights in the present economic situation, and can meet all emergencies that arise along the way. Many young women of the student and leisure class travel in pairs taking the planned excursions so generously patronized.

A Handy Man

Australian Actor Has Made His Own False Teeth

Every tooth in his head is his own, yet it is artificial. Field Taylor, of Melbourne, Australia, actor, tailor, inventor, has turned dentist by force of circumstances and lack of money, and has himself built from plaster of Paris thin rubber and steel a perfect fitting set of teeth. Although he has had no instruction, he has patented an ingenious device for detecting spurious coins.

Affinity Between Twins

Those who scoff at an "affinity" between twins should read this true story of what happened at Saint John, N.H. Walter and Richard Evans are 45-year-old twins and are as alike as two peas. Working on the water front, Walter had his left hand crushed in an accident. At exactly the same time, a dynamite can exploded a few miles away and injured the left hand of his twin brother Richard.

Once a Western town held a Charley Chaplin contest. Prizes were to be given to those who could imitate Charley Chaplin. When Charley heard about it he immediately volunteered the contest. He came in second.

Pure Fabrication

King Tut Curse Is Branded As A Fake

The "King Tut curse" that was supposed to shadow the lives of the men who "looted" Tutankhamen's tomb in the Valley of the Nile was branded a fake by William Edgerton, associate professor of Egyptology at the University of Chicago's Oriental Institute.

Tradition had it that discoverers of the mummy of the Egyptian pharaoh found these words carved on the tomb walls:

"Death shall come on swift wings to him that toucheth the tomb of Pharaoh."

"The inscription" was branded "a pure fabrication" by Edgerton, commenting on suggestions that Professor James Breasted, who died in New York, recently, was a victim of the "curse."

"There is not and was not any such inscription in or near the tomb," Edgerton asserted. Belief in the malediction is "absurd," Edgerton said, but even if there were a curse, it has proved ineffective because "aside from Egyptian workmen" the one man who actually broke into the ancient burial place is still alive and healthy.

"That man was Mr. Howard Carter, who pierced the outermost door of the tomb on Nov. 5, 1922, with his own hands, and pierced the second door (the one which gave entrance to the tomb itself) on Nov. 26, 1922, again with his own hands," he said.

Mrs. Newton—"You know, my husband plays the organ."

Mrs. Oldberg—"Well, if business doesn't pick up, my husband will have to get to, too."

Yearly evaporation is so much greater in the south that two raindrops in the Dakotas equal three in Texas.



A Good Sportsman

King George, One Of The Six Best Shots In Britain

The king, although now in his 70th year, is still—as he was 35 years ago—one of the six best shots in the land, declares Wentworth Day in a book, "King George as a sportsman." Those who imagine that because he is king his prowess is exaggerated are completely mistaken, says the author. When the king goes shooting by his private detective, Superintendent Green, but it is not Green's duty to protect His Majesty's person. He is carried in the hollow of his hand in an automatic clicker—each click registering a bird down. At the end of the day the king takes the clicker's total and enters it in his game book.

Wentworth Day's book incidentally discloses the strain imposed on the king by the jubilee celebrations of last summer. One of the staff said that when His Majesty returned to Sandringham, his country seat, his looks were worse even than during his illness eight years ago. But, after five days in the Norfolk air, the king was himself again.

Combating Gout

Method For Increasing Iodine Content Of Milk And Eggs

Experiments that offer a better method of combating gout were described at Cornell University. In tests lasting eight years the iodine content of eggs and milk had been multiplied many fold by feeding hens and cows on seaweed.

For iodine milk the sea weed is added to the usual grain feed of cows. The result is milk containing 10 to 20 times the usual amount of iodine.

Ballooning spiders travel through the air on silken parachutes. They have been seen hundreds of miles at sea, floating in midair.

Where Blame Belongs

Traffic Offenders Should Be Tagged Instead Of Cars

The practice of "tagging" cars as punishment for offenses against the traffic laws is spreading. In Berlin a yellow cross is pasted on the windshield of cars of convicted drivers. In Huntington, Indiana, offenders have a scarlet label stuck on the windshield and have to leave it there for thirty days under penalty of paying fines for the offence. And from several other places come reports of similar action, all designed to draw the public's attention to the fact that the tagged car has been in trouble caused by breach of the law.

The tag idea is sound enough in theory—giving warning to the public—but there is a flaw in its practical application. Why tag the cars?

"The car is not to blame. It has to do what the driver tells it. It can't, as Old Dobbin sometimes did, set its ears back and refuse to move when some fool driver tried to force it. It can't find its own way home when the driver is too drunk or sleepy to guide it. It can't see obstacles on the road and go round them as Dobbin used to."

Then again, several members of a family may use the car. Is it fair to Dad to label him a menace to safety whenever he drives down town in the car that, with young Joe at the wheel and three others in the front seat, piled into the rear of the buggy? Or to post the "warning" sign against Aunt Clara because she is driving speedway Betty's car?

The tag idea is sound, but there is a right way to apply it. Tag the driver, not the car. Put the blame where it belongs. Might just as well hang an axe for murder, instead of the man who used it, as tag a car that has been blamed for a crime by some incompetent or reckless driver.

When still—put the driver where he can't do any more harm—on the road. Don't let him do any more driving.—Owen Sound, Ont., Sun Times.

Puzzle For Medical Science

How Honey Acts As Healer Not Yet Disclosed

Honey as a dressing for wounds was popular at one time in the Middle Ages. Still earlier, during the Crusades, it has been almost a universal remedy for a variety of ailments, and Pliny refers in a certain passage to fish fat and honey as making a good ointment for wounds. It may be that the fish he refers to was cod liver oil.

Now honey is reported to have been again revived as a remedy for effective ointment. In a Red Cross hospital in Hamburg, Germany, it is said that tests have been carried out with honey during the past half year, and that even much soiled wounds are found to quickly become cleaner under its influence. But about it, it is a wonder it does not seem to make it heal more quickly than before, and as cod liver oil promotes rapid healing, it has been compared with honey in its action as to achieve the double purpose of cleansing and healing.

So in this respect healing is back again in the days of Pliny, after many a digression. How does honey act? medical science wonders. Does it clean, beneficial fermentation? And which of its many component parts is most potent? Its sugar, mineral salts, plant acids, higher alcohols or some ferment? These are some of the queries raised and the Germans, with their methodical instincts, will isolate each of the component elements of honey, and will try each in turn on a number of cases of various ulcers, wounds, etc. Pending conclusive findings from these future experiments, tests with honey will be continued, however.

The Ordinary Man

Usually Has Sound Instinct States Lord Tweedmouth

Addressing the Canadian Club at Montreal, Lord Tweedmouth said that the very clever people are nearly always wrong. "The plain man, on the other hand, is not infrequently" he said, "but he has a curiously sound instinct. He is not too logical, just because he is close to real life, about which he is actually more apt to happen." From these brief remarks, said Lord Tweedmouth, was to be drawn the moral: Never distrust the instinct and judgment of the ordinary man.

Saskatchewan Poultry Wins

Eight Saskatchewan poultry men carried off a total of 39 trophies for their exhibits from the Toronto Royal Winter Fair. The Saskatchewan poultry breeders secured eight first prizes, ten seconds, six thirds and four fourths.

Latent Equipment

He was showing a friend round his ultra-modern home in the suburbs. "There are lots of points about it that I like," said the candid friend, "and there are some that I do not understand. Why, for instance, the round holes in the front door?"

It has been estimated that there are approximately 4,000,000 twins in the United States.

No Profit In Waste

Payment Made Somewhere For Carelessness In Small Matters

A few years ago the writer was astounded when informed by a local dairy dealer that bottle repurchase payment was costing him \$3,000 yearly. Not all broken, by any means, as milk bottles are used for a multitude of purposes not intended when the bottles are left at the householder's door in the dusk of morning.

Writing on this subject of small matters that grow to be large ones the Kingston Whig-Standard has this to say:

From the United States Department of Agriculture comes a reminder of the large cost of carelessness in small matters on the part of many people. Its bureau of dairy industry, which has been watching milk bottles for some time, has given out figures that prove the annual loss in the United States from broken or misplaced bottles at close to \$3,000,000. That is what milk bottle carelessness costs in the United States. The chances are the loss in Canada is proportionate, or nearly so.

The figure is suggestive of our thoughtless wastefulness on this continent by its small regard for little things. It's only a broken milk bottle! Never mind the dairy farmers! How many articles in common use, like the milk bottle, are counted as costing nothing?

Who pays for the loss in milk bottles? Somebody has to stand it. The bottles, the bureau of dairy industry tells us, are filled with a neutral grease. The manufacturers get their price for the bottles. The farmers and dairies selling the milk charge back the cost to the consumer, and take the rest. Somebody has to pay for the losses of a going concern. There is no profit in waste.—Niagara Falls, Ont., Review.

Mixing Things Up

City Of Chicago To Have Two Sets Of Clocks

Beginning next March 1, Chicago is to have two sets of clocks. One set of clocks will be on eastern standard time, as decreed by the court. The other set will be on local time, as decreed by the federal law. Most of the people, presumably, can take their choice. Council time will apply only to municipal offices and the schools. Federal time will continue to apply to the railroads and airlines, and to all federal offices and services. Municipal officers will have no option, either; they must observe the time fixed by the city council. Federal officers, as well as all connected with interstate commerce, will have no option, either; they must obey the time fixed by the United States congress.

By then, perhaps, Chicago under two sets of clocks, both of them legal, the city council has renewed the absurd and impractical confusion of which the federal law was designed to end.—Chicago Daily News.

Choose Your Relaxation

Many Ways People Can Put Themselves To Sleep

But to who sleep it is necessary to relax, and here we come to the crux of the matter. Difficult and not very profitable is it to attempt to sleep when the body is tense. We must learn to relax, and anything that enables us to relax will help to send us to sleep. Reading in bed aids, providing it is a dull book. One man put himself to sleep with the Encyclopedia Britannica; a minister reports he can not keep awake if he goes over the points of the next sermon.

Shorter Church Sermons

An archbishop has taken up arms against the interminable sermon, and has written a pastoral letter to all his clergy setting them a time limit of 20 minutes for the future. During the harvest season, he declares, five minutes is long enough. He is the most Rev. Virgile Joseph Leguin, Archbishop of Auch, France, the native town of D'Artagnan, one of the three musketeers. Lourdes, the most famous shrine to which innumerable pilgrimages are organized every year, is also in his diocese.

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Prevent this SPILL CHURCH
RED CROCKED
ENGLAND'S NEW

Do this

HINDS
Money's Allround
CREAM

**FLEMING'S
FOLLY**
BY
LAWRENCE A. KEATING

FLEMING'S FOLLY

BY
LAWRENCE A. KEATING

SYNOPSIS

Here is an absorbing and exciting story of a fight against stubborn prejudice and a bitter personal malignancy of a girl and a man battling ridicule, sabotage, bullets, and the treachery that would turn them against each other.

The story opens with Link Fleming addressing a meeting of Boone County cattlemen, called together with the object of forming an irrigation company.

(Now Go On With The Story)

CHAPTER I—Continued

Thus Link Fleming knew that to win Roper to his dream was to spell success. Only Kilgo could swing ranchers into line for irrigation. He was now carrying out his promise of yesterday so that Link could prevent Soak Torney, the drink-broken civil engineer he had discovered in an Alfa saloon. A mere shell of the man he had once been, he still was an enthusiastic advocate of irrigating barren land as Fleming felt.

"Buz is a regular fittin' cock," Kilgo grinned at the crowd, putting his arm around young Hamilton. "I'm back in town, party soon, and maybe then shall let me tell yuh about our plans."

"That's that of the track now. I don't go in for fads as you men know, and maybe irrigation is one. Link, tell us about it; reckon that's what yuh got us here for, ain't it?" This was his chance, his long-sought opportunity to win the ranchers to his views! He had prepared for this moment for a year. Enthusiasm swept over him as it always did when he pondered the new means of improving the ranch. His pulse sped, and standing on his feet, he told them, he chose his words to feed.

"If yuh men could raise alfalfa to feed your stock winters, and use your home grass in the summer, you wouldn't need to worry whether the government passed rules about the foothills or not."

"We ain't farmers. We're cattlemen!" Buz snarled.

"Well, something's got to be done because we're going to be barred from the foothills, and our range is too thin to support stock all year round. Water the waste land that's all around us and you can grow alfalfa enough to feed your beef and

Modern External Treatment Helps End Colds Sooner

Just Rubbed on at Bedtime Its Double-Action Continues Through Hours of Restful Sleep.

OFTEN RELIEVES BY MORNING

Before a miserable cold gets you down, go to bed and apply Vicks VapoRub. Two generations have proved VapoRub the surest help to a milder, shorter cold.

Just rubbed on the throat and chest at bedtime, VapoRub acts two ways of cure.

1. By stimulation through the skin, like a poultice or plaster.

2. By inhalation of the penetrating, medicated vapors, released by heat and breathed in direct to inflamed air-passages.

Continuing through the night, this controlled vapor-poultice action loosens phlegm—soothes irritated membranes—helps break congestion. Often, by morning the worst of the cold is over.

For Fever and Shorter Colds. Note for your family: Vicks has developed, especially for home use, a practical Plan for Better Control of Colds. This comprehensive guide to fever and shorter colds has been repeatedly tested by practical physicians and further proved in everyday use. Details of Vicks Plan come in each VapoRub package.

maybe have some left over to sell. The secret is, irrigation! I've got seventeen hundred acres that hasn't been good for anything. It isn't worth as much as ordinary range, and guess brings only fifty cents an acre. But if I water that wasteland—"He paused impressively. "It will be worth at least a hundred dollars an acre!"

There was a swift exchange of surprised, doubtful, and questioning looks. Kilgo lifted a bushy eyebrow at his friend and ranchman, Jackpot Mell. The proprietor of the Half Moon Saloon kept his face a mask but nodded slightly. His lean, wiry fingers twined with the watch chain of shiny nuggets draped across his flowered vest. Fleming, from his raised position, followed the significant looks and felt a flash of uncertainty. But perhaps it was only his habitual suspicion of the Box 50 owner and his suave cronies, a cold blooded killer.

"From fifty cents to a hundred bucks an acre is pretty long talk," Seth Howland muttered skeptically.

"Yeah, and dammin' up water costs money. How do yuh figure to insure it, Link?" Honest John Mulrooney inquired.

"By forming the Boone County Improvement Association. We'll all buy stock according to the size of our spreads. That will provide capital for the irrigation ditches and dams."

"Yuh courses," Kilgo sneered out, "there's no use to form an association until they shore the thing'll pay. Way it looks to me, we ought have the judgment of some body that knows. Boys, how about letatin' to Soak Torney? Soak's one of the right ones, the worst!"

He can tell us about Link's scheme, whether it'll work or not."

"This, of course, was an adroit lead—up to the evening of the whole thing of cattlemen. "I figure to go with you Torney says," Roper went on generally. "How about the rest of yuh guys?"

"Why, the thing was now almost a certainty! If Roper endorsed Torney, the others would certainly follow him, too. With eagerness he tried hard to mask Fleming watching the men react.

"Reckon Soak knows plenty about engineerin', at that," Mulrooney commented.

"Buz, will yuh go along on whatever we decide? How about you, Benson? All right, Link, let's hear his facts."

That Star Loop owner realized that perhaps he had misjudged Kilgo. He was being helpful now, and seemed really anxious to know more about irrigation. He was not so devotedly opposed during the last year. Yes, Link felt he had done the man an injustice. Roper wasn't as bad as he had been.

"The important thing was to seize this advantage. Turning, he beckoned to Torney. "Come on up here and tell us about it. Soak, be invited as casually as he could manage. "You're the man knows about waterin' land."

"That's your opinion?"

"All eyes watched the ragged, unkempt figure of the saloon hanger-on rise from his chair and begin to climb the steps of Boone County dog way. Fugue apprehension made Link wince as he saw that Soak was

proved for a recent drinking bout, though he had promised earlier to remain sober for this meeting. His eyes were lustreless and his whole men that of a spinous barfly.

However—Fleming shrugged—"It was merely Torney's endorsement as a civil engineer that was needed to clinch the support of Boone County ranchers. He appeared sufficiently in control of his senses to give that. Pahaw, what damage could he do, even in his present condition?"

"What's your idea on this?" Link asked. "Could we build an irrigation plant here?"

"I can't see his lips while he blinked self-consciously. "Reckon you can build it anywhere you want."

Roper grinned at him secretively, and nodded. "How much would a proposition like this cost us?" Link went on, drawing him out.

The engineer rubbed his reddish nose as he studied the face in front of him. "About thirty-five or forty thousand dollars for a start. Yuh could build part and operate it while yuh raise more money to go on with the scheme."

"Raise more money's that? What do yuh mean? What's the total?" Howland demanded.

"A couple of thousands."

Several men gasped. "If you want your land to increase in value it'll take some investment, of course. But if we can't get it in it won't be bad. The thing is sure to be worth while," argued Fleming.

There was a slight pause. "That's the point," Roper drawled slowly. "Will it be worth while? If it will, I've about made up my mind to go in it. How about you boys?"

He gazed from face to face. Several men frowned hesitantly, then nodded. If there were any who trusted Kilgo's leadership, they feared to oppose it. A few looked glum and several appeared reluctant. But the Box 50 owner's declaration applied to all of them. As usual, they would do what he did, follow him, and do as he said.

"That's settled then. Me—I'm willin' like you boys, to gamble on Torney's say-so. Should we go ahead with his friend or stay out? That's the thing in a nutshell. Ain't it, Link?"

"Exactly. Now, Soak," he went on, striving to keep triumph out of his voice, "how about it?"

Torney swallowed hard. He cast a furtive, pleading look at Fleming. His heavy gaze seemed to hold its riveted on Link and the cold-eyed Jackpot Mell as he answered in his husky, half-sullen whisper.

"You could build dams and raise alfalfa—sure. But it'd be a crazy fool thing to do. Irrigation sounds all right, but it's nothing but a new-fangled way to waste money."

"Roper said all along this ain't a proper," he went on hurriedly.

"If you're yuh safe, yuh say. Why, I would give two cents for all the irrigation dams 'n' ditches in the United States."

CHAPTER II

Silence fell like a blanket over the meeting of cattlemen. Fleming's jaw sagged, and his stunned amazement was mirrored on every face in the room. For everyone, of course, had fully expected Torney to give emphatic approval. Why, the ranchers who stood blinking before him, had been almost won over! Had it not been for this sudden reversal, coming with the unexpectedness of a shot in the dark, the investigation would have proceeded to organization with all Boone County backing it.

All eyes fixed on Link. Because he was the originator and ardent advocate of the plan, his reaction was of prime interest. While he stood with an incredulous, disbelieving expression on his tanned face, Roper glanced again at Jackpot Mell. Their look lasted but an instant; then they turned their faces from him. No hint of feeling in their hearts, deep as deep in Fleming's heart, did not appear. As positively as if he had heard excited words between them, he knew why Soak Torney had suddenly changed his attitude toward irrigation.

He must have been reached—threatened or persuaded from his true conviction. Only yesterday the man had been as enthusiastic as Link.

At once his mind began to build on this thought. Roper had always opposed the thing, until yesterday. His seeming friendliness then was the mask of his hate. That was clear enough now. Perhaps he feared that his leadership, his grip on local cattlemen, was at stake. If Link put this thing into operation he, not Kilgo, would become the chief to guide the ranchers. Roper's power would be gone.

Yes, that must be it. Kilgo used to be a close friend of Roper's, though he had never talked of irrigation, in which he did not believe himself. He wanted the subject scotched—and he had chosen a means to accomplish this with wily astuteness that he did credit, scheme that he was.

There was a stir in the crowd. "Huh!" Seth Howland grunted, "reckon that's settled. This waterin' business ain't any better than I thought."

"Hold on, boys!" Link looked about for Torney, but realized that Soak had shambled quickly off during the last, astonished silence. He cleared his throat, scarcely daring say what he could say to hold them, to

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Stop counting sheep. Don't toss and turn and waste away the sleepless hours another night.

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get new consideration of this matter on which he was so earnestly convinced.

Then sudden anger waved over him with both fists clenched until the knuckles showed white, he spoke in a low, intense tone. "Somebody's tampered with my facts. That wasn't his real opinion! Why, he's told me a hundred times irrigation would do wonders for us all. We've worked on this thing, drawn up blueprints, even. Somebody influenced Soak, made him say what he did!" he cried insistently. "I tell you men yuh're going to regret it if you don't irrigate!"

(To Be Continued)

An Expensive Privilege

Player Who Makes Hole-In-One Deserves A Reward

The doubtful privilege of buying drinks for everybody, which used to be the time-honored custom for all golfers playing a hole in one stroke, is being abandoned in London, Eng.

In future they will be rewarded for accomplishing the feat.

The ambition of all golfers, a hole in one, invariably cost at least \$25 in drinks and entertainment to fellow-players, and the pleasure of doing it thereby was minimized.

It wasn't so bad in pre-war days when whiskey cost less than a dollar a bottle, but now when it sells around \$2.50, a hole in one is pretty expensive.

So the Wilderness club, Kent, has decided that the player doing a hole in one shall be entertained to a meal with full liquid trimmings "on the house." In addition, his caddy fees will be refunded.

"We feel that the player who does a hole in one deserves his reward," said Major W. H. Polson, secretary of the club. "The last time that happened on this course it cost the player \$55. It was the 18th hole, which was a 355 yards, and naturally a good deal of interest was caused."

Secretaries of other clubs have voiced their general approval of the scheme which is likely to become general.

The Star Of Life

The perfect diet for an adult includes six slices of bread a day, Toledo bakers were told by Russell W. Varney, official of a New York food company. Varney said three years' research indicated that the staff of life is nearly 100 per cent digestible.

"How you get on to wid yuh 'rhythmic, Lou?"

"Reckon I learned to add up it oughts, but de fiddler bodges me."

THE PHILIPPINE CLIPPER CHINA-BOUND

Philippe Clipper

En route to its base on the west coast, the Philippine Clipper, sister ship of the Philippine Clipper, departs at Miami, Fla., for Manila, Philippines, below, is the Philippine Clipper's commander.

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Motor Firm Buys Horses

Foundry Employees Work On Farm During Slack Periods

A new idea in industry was brought to light recently with the announcement a factory making automobile parts was buying horses. The Holmes Foundry Co., Ltd., a manufacturer of automobile cylinders at Sarnia, Ont., purchased three head of Percheron horses for a total of \$5,000.

L. G. Blunt, president, explained the horses were used on vegetable farms owned by the firm. His industry was seasonal, he said, and during the off-season his men went out on the farm and grew all types of vegetables. As a result their off time was put into profitable use.

The men were not paid for their farm work, but the total produce was divided among the number of workmen, the company footing the bill for land, seed, implements, and harness.

The reason for this, he said, lay in the fact his industry demanded skilled workmen. If all employees were idle during the slack season, the firm would cost a tremendous amount of money to either find them again or train new employees when the busy season again came around.

In this manner, he said, all employees are kept busy and all are available immediately they are needed. This was accomplished, he said, the plant when the public demand for automobile cylinders slackens.

Views Prize Cattle

Lord Tweedsmuir Was Interested In Royal and Fair Exhibits

A general-interest in blue serge suits and black fedoras looked on with critical eye the livestock product of a prince's ranch, brought from the Alberta foothills to adorn the Royal Winter Fair in Toronto.

Lord Tweedsmuir dropped into the fair on his way home from the Buchanan, and had a look at Bapton Orator—otherwise the prize of Pekisko Creek—from the Prince of Wales E. P. March. The E. P. hall, winner in the two-year-old Shorthorn competition, was brought from his stall for the governor-general to look at.

But was good-natured about it. Lord Tweedsmuir also examined the University of Alberta cattle, and was much interested in the grand champion cattle shown by Waldo Skirra, Senneville, Que., and Mount Victoria Farms, Hudson Heights, Que.

The governor-general said he would "very much like to see the hogs," and followed them up with sheep and dogs. "There's a Cotswold sheep, a thing you don't often see in this stage now," he remarked at one stage.

Earlier, His Excellency visited the blind display shop and bought a tray after watching the blind handicraftsmen and women at work.

School At Scotland Yard

Police Teach Methods To Representatives From Other Countries

Scotland Yard is teaching the world how to go about its police work. There are five countries that are sending representatives to learn from the Metropolitan Police. Among the next batch of "pupils" will be detectives from New Zealand. Police officers have come from Newfoundland, Hong Kong, Singapore, Canada, Australia, France, Spain, Germany, and other Continental countries to glean much from our methods.

Superintendent Bailey, chief of the Fingerprint Department, is going to lecture to "pupils" on his subject. Chief Inspector Rowe will demonstrate the Criminal Records office.

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Don't wait for the last minute to do your BOOKSHOPPING!

VEIN OF IRON, Ellen Glasgow... \$2.50
"National Best Seller"
DR. MALLOY, Alan Hart... \$2.50
SOLOMON LEVI, Clavell Gregory \$2.00
(By an outstanding Canadian author)

NORTH SCENE, H. V. Morton... \$2.75
(A novel of the Northwest)
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Seymour Ledford... \$2.75
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(By the author of "100,000 Miles")

I. CLAUDIUS, Robert Graves... \$2.25
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AIR STORMING, Hendrick Willem Verwey... \$2.25
(New book, just published)

OVER AFRICAN JUNGLES, Martin John... \$1.25
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 Progression

Thursday, Dec 26 h, 1935

Dr. Dowler is spending the Christmas holidays in Calgary.

Albert Shavna left for Medicine Hat, on Saturday, by car.

Jack McPherson left on Saturday morning for the home of his parents at Coquitlam, B.C.

News from the coast is that fields are still green and that some people are still bathing in the ocean.

Morley Ball, son of the Rev A. T. Ball, arrived home last week from Saskatoon, where he has been attending university. He will spend the holiday season here.

Mrs. J. McNeill arrived back from a trip to Calgary, last week.

Lumber prices at the coast are said to have made a big advance in price.

Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Moore and daughter, Jean, left on Tuesday for Portage in Prairie.

Public and High Schools in Empire closed Friday, December 20, to open Thursday, January 2, 1936.

Frank Scott, who has been on the sick list this past few weeks is now convalescent and able to be around once more.

A Merry Christmas and A Happy New Year to readers, patrons and friends.

Miss E. Rauch arrived from Leader, Sask., last Thursday, and is nursing Mrs. H. A. Pool, who is in poor health.

Weather which has been of a good grand for the past week

ACCEPT MY
 Best Wishes

FOR A
 Merry Christmas and
 a Happy and Bright
 New Year
 J. WESTBURG

Dr. A. K. McNeill
 (Dr. D. N. MacInnes)
 Physician and
 Surgeon
 Phone 44
 Office - - - Centre Street

DENTIST
 Dr. DOWLER
 Thursdays and Fridays
 Arriving on Wednesday night
 Offices: Royal Bank Building
 (Opposite Hotel)
 AT LEADER:
 Saturdays, Mondays and Tuesdays
 Private on Wednesdays

:-THE-
 Empress Meat Market

Accept Our Best Wishes for
 A Most Merry
 Christmas
 and
 A Happy and a
 Prosperous
 New Year

Please Your Local Butcher

or so, took a turn to snow and lower temperatures on Monday.

"It's just as true as truth can be."

We see it every minute—
 Life won't return what we don't earn.
 But just what we put in it.

Charlie Young left on Tuesday, for Calgary, by car.

December 26, Boxing Day
 To Be Observed in Alberta

It was announced over the air on Thursday night, by acting-premier, the Hon. E. C. Manning, that December 26, "Boxing Day," would be observed as a public holiday throughout the province. Proclamation to this effect has also been made in Manitoba. This holiday will be observed fairly generally throughout the Dominion.

Carstairs Threshing

Carstairs farmers were threshing again the first of last week, says the News. Some grain is still in stock and others are working from the stocks.—Market Examiner.

Blood Testing of Poultry

The blood testing and culling of flocks under the Hatchery Regulations has been fairly well completed for this season. Applications for this service must be received in the office of the Poultry Branch, Department of Agriculture, Edmonton, by December 31st. No applications will be accepted after this date.

This year approximately 100,000 birds will be tested which will supply the hatcheries of this Province.

Master Key for Alberta May Be Ready By January 10

Edmonton, Dec. 21—First of Alberta's new codes to govern trade within the province will be the "Master" code, which will provide the machinery under which all the 100-odd individual retail and wholesale

codes will operate, it was announced Friday by Hon. E. C. Manning, minister of trade and industry.

This master code, Mr. Manning dictated, probably will be ready, soon after January 10. It is being drafted now by the government and dependent codes will follow rapidly.

It was one of Mother's busiest days, as her small son came in with his trousers torn. His mother helped him to change to another pair, but in an hour or so he was back, his trousers torn again.

"You go right upstairs, remove those trousers and mend them yourself," his mother ordered.

Some time later, she thought of him and went upstairs to see how he was getting on. The torn trousers were lying on a chair, but there was no sign of Johnnie. Returning downstairs, she noticed the cellar door was open, so she called down loudly and sternly: "Are you running around down there without your trousers, eh?" A deep voice answered: "No, madam. I'm reading the gas meter."—Efficiency Magazine.

The Lion's Den

Three years ago, in the city of New York, a worthy young man had spent the last of his savings. For weeks previously he had sought work diligently, but the answer was always the

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 Watch Repair Service
 Clock and Jewelry Repairs
 We will take your Watch Repairs for the above-named Company.

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Leave your Repairs at The Empress Express Office

same. "Sorry, nothing new, but we will keep you in mind if anything turns up." With his money gone he made a final and desperate effort to get employment. He went to the zoo but the answer was discouraging. They didn't need any more help. He turned away beaten. Nothing in his extreme dejection, the men he had interviewed, called him back.

"You're pretty badly in need of a job aren't you?"

"Yes, with a heavy sigh."

"I was just thinking—our big ape—a great attraction to the children—died two weeks ago. We haven't been able to replace him, but we have his hide. Did you ever dream to pose work?"

"To be a lion?"

"You'd do much better tomorrow." In the course of a couple of weeks a holiday occurred and the zoo was crowded with children and their parents. An enthusiastic mob watched in front of the big ape's cage, while he scamped put on a rickety show. Solacing across the upper part of the cage, however, he missed his mark and crashed upon the iron door, which was unlatched, and tumbled into the lion's den.

There was a momentary hush then pandemonium reigned. Children screamed, and women fainted.

Inside his den the lion recovered from his astonishment, then continuously advanced, snarling towards the ape. The ape backed away in confusion and terror, while the lion continued to press. In desperation the ape looked beyond the lion's den to see if a keeper was on the way to his rescue, but he saw none. Frantically he retreated to the back wall of the den, breathing a prayer, aware that his end had come. And then, quietly, he heard the lion whisper: "I don't see a darned thing, but the only guy in New York who needed a job."

Christmas Turkey Gravy
 To make gravy for the Christ-

mas turkey, pour off some of the fat from the roasting pan. If it is considered there is an excessive amount, sprinkle the fat that remains with the dry flour, one tablespoon to each cup of liquor to be used, which may be of milk, cream or water, or any mixture of the three. Stir the flour into the hot fat. Heat the liquid, and add this hot liquid to the fat and flour in the roasting pan. Stir rapidly so that no lumps will form, and, if necessary, season with more salt and pepper to suit the taste.

Giblet Gravy

In England giblet gravy seems to belong to Christmas as surely as Santa Claus. It is made with the giblets, that is, the liver, heart and gizzard. First the giblets are cooked, then the fat at the bottom of the roasting pan is thickened with a flour and water paste, the proportion being one table-

spoonful of flour to three of fat. The paste is blended with the fat and the cooked giblets which are cut into fine bits. When the mixture begins to boil, stir in one cup of whole milk for each two tablespoons of flour. Simmer it gently and it will cook thin and smooth. Season it with salt and pepper. Dickens added a cup of currant jelly added.

Sandwiches

Sliced cold roast beef, boiled fresh beef or tongue, with a little pepper and salt make most attractive sandwiches; or those meats may be chopped and mixed with a little horse-radish, mayonnaise, Worcester-shire sauce, olives, sweet pickles, at option. A tasty sandwich spread is made by putting through the food chopper 1 cup cold beef, 1 cup seeded radish, 6 ripe olives, and 6 sweet pickles. Mix this with sufficient mayonnaise to bind.

TO MY FRIENDS AND PATRONS.
 Warmest Christmas Greetings
 and My Best Wishes
 For a Bright and Prosperous
 New Year

R. A. POOL
 AGENT: BRITISH AMERICAN OIL CO.



Season's Greetings

Just the Same Old Greeting
 A Right Merry Christmas
 . and a .

Most Happy
 and Prosperous New Year

W. R. BRODIE

TO ALL:

A Very Merry Christmas
 and a
 Happy and Prosperous
 New Year

DON. MacRAE

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 for . .
 The New Year's Eve
 Event

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